


**SAMPLE GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT
ALACHUA COUNTY, FLORIDA
NOVEMBER 2, 2004**

- **TO VOTE, COMPLETELY FILL IN THE OVAL  NEXT TO YOUR CHOICE.**
- Use only the marking device provided or a number 2 pencil.
- If you make a mistake, don't hesitate to ask for a new ballot. If you erase or make other marks, your vote may not count.
- To vote for a candidate whose name is not printed on the ballot, fill in the oval, and write in the candidate's name on the blank line provided for a write-in candidate

PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT		COUNTY	NONPARTISAN
PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT (Vote for One)		SHERIFF (Vote for One)	8th JUDICIAL CIRCUIT GROUP 9 (Vote for One)
<div><div><input type="radio"/> George W. Bush Dick Cheney</div><div>REP</div></div>		<div><div><input type="radio"/> Steve Oelrich</div><div>REP</div></div> <div><div><input type="radio"/> Bill Davis</div><div>DEM</div></div>	<div><div><input type="radio"/> Harvey Baxter</div></div> <div><div><input type="radio"/> Mark Moseley</div></div>
<div><div><input type="radio"/> John F. Kerry John Edwards</div><div>DEM</div></div>		SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS (Vote for One)	COUNTY JUDGE GROUP 3 (Vote for One)
<div><div><input type="radio"/> Michael A. Peroutka Chuck Baldwin</div><div>CPF</div></div>		<div><div><input type="radio"/> Ernesto Herrera, Jr.</div><div>REP</div></div> <div><div><input type="radio"/> Pam Carpenter</div><div>DEM</div></div>	<div><div><input type="radio"/> Walter M. Green</div></div> <div><div><input type="radio"/> Emory Springfield</div></div>
<div><div><input type="radio"/> Michael Badnarik Richard V. Campagna</div><div>LIB</div></div>		COUNTY COMMISSIONER DISTRICT 1 (Vote for One)	PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS
<div><div><input type="radio"/> David Cobb Patricia LaMarche</div><div>GRE</div></div>		<div><div><input type="radio"/> Mike Byerly</div><div>DEM</div></div> <div><div><input type="radio"/> Write-in</div></div>	NO. 1 CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT ARTICLE X, SECTION 22
<div><div><input type="radio"/> James Harris Margaret Trowe</div><div>SWP</div></div>		COUNTY COMMISSIONER DISTRICT 3 (Vote for One)	ARTICLE X MISCELLANEOUS
<div><div><input type="radio"/> Walter F. Brown Mary Alice Herbert</div><div>SPF</div></div>		<div><div><input type="radio"/> Mark Minck</div><div>REP</div></div> <div><div><input type="radio"/> Paula M. DeLaney</div><div>DEM</div></div>	Section 22. Parental notice of termination of a minor's pregnancy. The legislature shall not limit or deny the privacy right guaranteed to a minor under the United States Constitution as interpreted by the United States Supreme Court. Notwithstanding a minor's right of privacy provided in Section 23 of Article I, the Legislature is authorized to require by general law for notification to a parent or guardian of a minor before the termination of the minor's pregnancy. The Legislature shall provide exceptions to such requirement for notification and shall create a process for judicial waiver of the notification.
<div><div><input type="radio"/> Ralph Nader Peter Miguel Camejo</div><div>REF</div></div>		<div><div><input type="radio"/> Write-in</div></div>	
CONGRESSIONAL		COUNTY COMMISSIONER DISTRICT 5 (Vote for One)	
UNITED STATES SENATOR (Vote for One)		<div><div><input type="radio"/> Jeff McAdams</div><div>REP</div></div> <div><div><input type="radio"/> Rodney Long</div><div>DEM</div></div>	
<div><div><input type="radio"/> Mel Martínez</div><div>REP</div></div> <div><div><input type="radio"/> Betty Castor</div><div>DEM</div></div> <div><div><input type="radio"/> Dennis F. Bradley</div><div>VET</div></div> <div><div><input type="radio"/> Write-in</div></div>		NONPARTISAN	
		JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT	
		Shall Justice Kenneth B. Bell of the Supreme Court be retained in office?	
		<div><div><input type="radio"/> YES</div></div> <div><div><input type="radio"/> NO</div></div>	<div><div><input type="radio"/> YES</div></div> <div><div><input type="radio"/> NO</div></div>
REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS DISTRICT 3 (Vote for One)		Shall Justice Raoul G. Cantero III of the Supreme Court be retained in office?	NO. 2 CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT ARTICLE IV, SECTION 10 ARTICLE XI, SECTION 5
<div><div><input type="radio"/> Corrine Brown</div><div>DEM</div></div> <div><div><input type="radio"/> Write-in</div></div>		<div><div><input type="radio"/> YES</div></div> <div><div><input type="radio"/> NO</div></div>	Constitutional Amendments Proposed By Initiative
		DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL	
REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS DISTRICT 6 (Vote for One)		Shall Judge Michael E. Allen of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?	Proposing amendments to the State Constitution to require the sponsor of a constitutional amendment proposed by citizen initiative to file the initiative petition with the Secretary of State by February 1 of the year of a general election in order to have the measure submitted to the electors for approval or rejection at the following November's general election, and to require the Florida Supreme Court to render an advisory opinion addressing the validity of an initiative petition by April 1 of the year in which the amendment is to be submitted to the electors.
<div><div><input type="radio"/> Clifford (Cliff) B. Steams</div><div>REP</div></div> <div><div><input type="radio"/> David E. Bruderly</div><div>DEM</div></div> <div><div><input type="radio"/> Write-in</div></div>		<div><div><input type="radio"/> YES</div></div> <div><div><input type="radio"/> NO</div></div>	
		Shall Judge Edward T. Barfield of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?	
STATE		<div><div><input type="radio"/> YES</div></div> <div><div><input type="radio"/> NO</div></div>	
STATE ATTORNEY 8th JUDICIAL CIRCUIT (Vote for One)		Shall Judge Paul Hawkes of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?	
<div><div><input type="radio"/> Bill Cervone</div><div>REP</div></div> <div><div><input type="radio"/> Stan Griffis</div><div>DEM</div></div>		<div><div><input type="radio"/> YES</div></div> <div><div><input type="radio"/> NO</div></div>	
LEGISLATIVE			
		Shall Judge Charles J. Kahn, Jr. of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?	
STATE REPRESENTATIVE DISTRICT 11 (Vote for One)		<div><div><input type="radio"/> YES</div></div> <div><div><input type="radio"/> NO</div></div>	
<div><div><input type="radio"/> John J. Ross</div><div>REP</div></div> <div><div><input type="radio"/> Dwight Stansel</div><div>DEM</div></div>		Shall Judge Phil Padovano of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?	
		<div><div><input type="radio"/> YES</div></div> <div><div><input type="radio"/> NO</div></div>	
		Shall Judge James R. Wolf of the First District Court of Appeal be retained in office?	
<div><div><input type="radio"/> Ed Jennings, Jr.</div><div>DEM</div></div> <div><div><input type="radio"/> Ray Roberts</div><div>LIB</div></div>		<div><div><input type="radio"/> YES</div></div> <div><div><input type="radio"/> NO</div></div>	

VOTE BOTH SIDES OF BALLOT

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS		COUNTY REFERENDUMS
<div><div>NO. 3</div><div>CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT</div><div>ARTICLE I, SECTION 26</div></div> <div><div>The Medical Liability Claimant's Compensation Amendment</div><div>Proposes to amend the State Constitution to provide that an injured claimant who enters into a contingency fee agreement with an attorney in a claim for medical liability is entitled to no less than 70% of the first \$250,000.00 in all damages received by the claimant, and 90% of damages in excess of \$250,000.00, exclusive of reasonable and customary costs and regardless of the number of defendants. This amendment is intended to be self-executing.</div><div>The direct financial impact this amendment will have on state and local government revenues and expenditures cannot be determined.</div><div><div><input type="radio"/> YES</div><div><input type="radio"/> NO</div></div></div>	<div><div>NO. 6</div><div>CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT</div><div>ARTICLE X, SECTION 19</div></div> <div><div>Repeal of High Speed Rail Amendment</div><div>This amendment repeals an amendment in the Florida Constitution that requires the Legislature, the Cabinet and the Governor to proceed with the development and operation of a high speed ground transportation system by the state and/or by a private entity.</div><div>The probable financial impact of passage of this amendment is a state cost savings ranging from \$20 billion to \$25 billion over the next 30 years. This estimate assumes the repeal of associated laws, the use of state bonds to finance construction, and could be reduced by federal or private sector funding.</div><div><div><input type="radio"/> YES</div><div><input type="radio"/> NO</div></div></div>	<div>CAMPAIGN FINANCE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS AND TIME FOR ACCEPTING CONTRIBUTIONS</div> <div>Shall the Alachua County Charter be amended to require candidates for County Commissioner, Clerk of the Court, Property Appraiser, Sheriff, Supervisor of Elections, and Tax Collector to file last period financial reports on the sixth day prior to the election; to accept only contributions received on or before midnight of the seventh day prior to the election; to file electronic reports together with signed paper reports and to report cumulative amounts received from each contributor?</div> <div><div><input type="radio"/> YES</div><div><input type="radio"/> NO</div></div>
<div><div>NO. 4</div><div>CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT</div><div>ARTICLE X, SECTION 19</div></div> <div><div>Authorizes Miami-Dade and Broward County Voters to Approve Slot Machines in Parimutuel Facilities</div><div>Authorizes Miami-Dade and Broward Counties to hold referenda on whether to authorize slot machines in existing, licensed parimutuel facilities (thoroughbred and harness racing, greyhound racing, and jai alai) that have conducted live racing or games in that county during each of the last two calendar years before effective date of this amendment. The Legislature may tax slot machine revenues, and any such taxes must supplement public-education funding statewide. Requires implementing legislation.</div><div>This amendment alone has no fiscal impact on government. If slot machines are authorized in Miami-Dade or Broward counties, government costs associated with additional gambling will increase by an unknown amount and local sales tax-related revenues will be reduced by \$5 million to \$8 million annually. If Legislature also chooses to tax slot machine revenues, state tax revenues from Miami-Dade and Broward counties combined would range from \$200 million to \$500 million annually.</div><div><div><input type="radio"/> YES</div><div><input type="radio"/> NO</div></div></div>	<div><div>NO. 7</div><div>CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT</div><div>ARTICLE X, SECTION 22</div></div> <div><div>Patients' Right to Know About Adverse Medical Incidents</div><div>Current Florida law restricts information available to patients related to investigations of adverse medical incidents, such as medical malpractice. This amendment would give patients the right to review, upon request, records of health care facilities' or providers' adverse medical incidents, including those which could cause injury or death. Provides that patients' identities should not be disclosed.</div><div>The direct financial impact this amendment will have on state and local government revenues and expenditures cannot be determined, but it is expected to be minimal. State agencies will incur some additional costs to comply with public records requirements of this amendment, but these costs will be generally offset by fees charged to the persons requesting the information.</div><div><div><input type="radio"/> YES</div><div><input type="radio"/> NO</div></div></div>	<div>CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTION LIMITATIONS</div> <div>Shall the Alachua County Charter be amended to prohibit candidates for County Commissioner, Clerk of the Court, Property Appraiser, Sheriff, Supervisor of Elections, and Tax Collector from accepting contributions in excess of \$250.00 from individuals, corporations and similar organizations, political committees, and committees of continuous existence in each election?</div> <div><div><input type="radio"/> YES</div><div><input type="radio"/> NO</div></div>
	<div><div>NO. 8</div><div>CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT</div><div>ARTICLE X, SECTION 20</div></div> <div><div>Public Protection from Repeated Medical Malpractice</div><div>Current law allows medical doctors who have committed repeated malpractice to be licensed to practice medicine in Florida. This amendment prohibits medical doctors who have been found to have committed three or more incidents of medical malpractice from being licensed to practice medicine in Florida.</div><div>The direct financial impact on state and local governments resulting from the proposed initiative would be minimal. There will likely be additional costs to the state of less than \$1 million per year, but these costs will likely be offset by licensure fees.</div><div><div><input type="radio"/> YES</div><div><input type="radio"/> NO</div></div></div>	<div>0.5 PERCENT (0.5%) LOCAL GOVERNMENT SALES SURTAX FOR PARKS AND RECREATION FACILITIES</div> <div>Shall a 0.5 percent (0.5%) sales surtax be levied for seven (7) years starting on January 1, 2005, and ending on December 31, 2011, to construct, reconstruct, operate, and maintain parks and recreation facilities on property owned or acquired by Alachua County, the cities in Alachua County, and the School Board of Alachua County and to pay debt service on bonds issued for such purposes?</div> <div><div><input type="radio"/> FOR the 0.5 cent sales tax</div><div><input type="radio"/> AGAINST the 0.5 cent sales tax</div></div>
<div><div>NO. 5</div><div>CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT</div><div>ARTICLE X</div></div> <div><div>Florida Minimum Wage Amendment</div><div>This amendment creates a Florida minimum wage covering all employees in the state covered by the federal minimum wage. The state minimum wage will start at \$6.15 per hour six months after enactment, and thereafter be indexed to inflation each year. It provides for enforcement, including double damages for unpaid wages, attorney's fees, and fines by the state. It forbids retaliation against employees for exercising this right.</div><div>The impact of this amendment on costs and revenues of state and local governments is expected to be minimal.</div><div><div><input type="radio"/> YES</div><div><input type="radio"/> NO</div></div></div>		<div>0.5 PERCENT (0.5%) LOCAL GOVERNMENT SALES SURTAX FOR TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENTS</div> <div>Shall a 0.5 percent (0.5%) sales surtax be levied for seven (7) years starting on January 1, 2005, and ending on December 31, 2011, to maintain the community's investment in roads and other transportation facilities by financing, planning, constructing, reconstructing, and paving roads, bicycle and pedestrian paths, and traffic signals for more efficient traffic flow within Alachua County and municipalities within Alachua County and to pay debt service on bonds issued for such purposes?</div> <div><div><input type="radio"/> FOR the 0.5 cent sales tax</div><div><input type="radio"/> AGAINST the 0.5 cent sales tax</div></div>
		<div><div>If you live in the Town of LaCrosse, this will appear on your ballot.</div><div>TOWN OF LACROSSE, FLORIDA</div><div>ADOPTING A TOWN CHARTER</div><div><div><input type="radio"/> YES to adopt a charter</div><div><input type="radio"/> NO to not adopt a charter</div></div></div>

SAMPLE